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10/665,846	09/17/2003	Andrew W. Wilson	ADAPP237	8387
7590 03/17/2008 Michael L. Gencarella, Esq.			EXAMINER	
Martine & Penilla, LLP 710 Lakeway Drive, Suite 170 Sunnyvale, CA 94085			CHOU, ALAN S	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/665.846 WILSON, ANDREW W. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit ALAN S. CHOU 2151 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 September 2003. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-34 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SZ/UE)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date ______.

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application.

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-34 are presented for examination.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

 The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filled in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filled in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filled under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- Claims 1-4, 10, 11-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Dellacona U.S. Patent Number 6,799,224 B1 (hereinafter Dellacona).
- 3. As per claims 1, 11, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a method for storing data, comprising: transmitting a storage operation request to one of at least two controllers, the at least two controllers being capable of managing communication with a plurality of targets (see bypass interface cards on column 4 line 24-39); directing the storage operation request to an operational one of the at least two controllers when the one of the at least two controllers is inoperable (see initiates logical connect and disconnect of the disk device on column 4 line 61 to column 5 line 10 and XOR raid on column 5 line 10-15); processing the storage operation request with the operational one of the at least two controllers (see hot swap bypass interface card 370 on column 7 line 15-35 and figure

1). Claims 11 has an additional limitation of generating a plurality of storage volumes

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line 50-55).

includes at least one storage devices (see electronic device registration devices on column 4 line 48-65).

4. As per claim 2, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a method for storing data as recited in claim 1, further comprising: communicating data for storage operations using to the at least to controllers through a network fabric interconnect (see Fibre Channel bus on column 3

- 5. As per claim 3, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a method for storing data as recited in claim 1, further comprising: communicating data between at least one storage device and at least one host using the operational one of the at least two controllers (see connect and disconnect of disk device by bypass interface cards on column 5 line 1-5).
- 6. As per claim 4, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a method for storing data as recited in claim 1, wherein the storage operation request is one of a request to store of data to a target and a request to read data from a target device, the target device being a storage device (see read and write to disk device on column 4 line 45-55).
- 7. As per claim 10, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a method for storing data as recited in claim 2, wherein the directing the storage operation request includes determining a correct path through the network fabric interconnect to a proper storage device (see connect and disconnect of disk device by bypass interface cards on column 5 line 1-5).

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As per claim 12, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a method for storing data as recited in claim
further comprising: assigning control of each of the plurality of storage olumes to a

corresponding separate controller (see electronic device registration on column 4 line

48-65).

9. As per claim 13, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a method for storing data as recited in claim

11, further comprising: when a controller for a particular storage container fails,

accessing data located on other storage containers through XOR (see XOR Raid on

column 5 line 10-15).

10. As per claim 14, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a method for storing data as recited in claim

11, further comprising: managing the plurality of storage volumes by spreading the

processing of input/output requests among all of a plurality of controllers, each of the

plurality of controllers controlling a corresponding one of the plurality of storage volumes

(see electronic device registration on column 4 line 48-65).

11. As per claim 15, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a method for storing data as recited in claim

11, wherein the storage containers are RAID devices (see RAID on column 5 line3 10-

15).

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As per claim 16, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a method for storing data as recited in claim
, wherein the storage device are disk drives (see disk storage device on columne 4 line 35-40).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 13. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior at are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 14. Claims 5, 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Dellacona</u> as applied to claims 1 above, and further in view of <u>Coates et al.</u> U.S. Patent Application Publication Number 2005/0246393 A1 (hereinafter <u>Coates</u>).
- 15. As per claims 5, 17, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a method for storing data as recited in claim 1, wherein the directing of the storage operation request including routing the storage operation request through a bypass interface card. <u>Dellacona</u> does not disclose express routing the request through a L4 router. <u>Coates</u> teaches the use of a L4 routing switch for load balancing purposes in a network fabric (see page 2 section [0014]). <u>Dellacona</u> and <u>Coates</u> are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor, network fabric storage system. At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate L4 routers as switching devices in the network fabric. The motivation for doing so would have been to

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allow network load balancing with the router. Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine <u>Dellacona</u> with <u>Coates</u> for the benefit of L4 router in the network fabric to obtain the invention as specified in claims 5, 17.

- 16. Claims 6-8, 19-20, 21-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Dellacona</u> as applied to claims 5 above, and further in view of <u>Coates et al.</u> U.S. Patent Application Publication Number 2005/0246393 A1 (hereinafter <u>Coates</u>), and further in view of <u>Neal et al.</u> U.S. Patent Number 6,990,528 B1 (hereinafter <u>Neal</u>).
- 17. As per claims 6, 20, 21 neither <u>Dellacona</u> nor <u>Coates</u> disclose expressly the use of remote direct memory access between devices and the routers. <u>Neal</u> teaches the use of RDMA to access memory spaces on remote nodes (see column 7 line 27-35). <u>Dellacona</u> and <u>Neal</u> are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor, network fabric storage system. At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate RDMA accessing techniques within the network fabric. The motivation for doing so would have been to allow devices to remotely access memories from other devices. Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine <u>Dellacona</u> with <u>Neal</u> for the benefit of using RDMA in the network fabric to obtain the invention as specified in claims 6, 20, 21.

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18. As per claim 22, Neal discloses a network architecture as recited in claim 21,

wherein each one of the at least two routers utilizes at least one internal queue pair to

communicate with at least one external queue pair of the host (see send/receive work

queue (WQ) on column 1 line 40-64).

19. As per claims 23, 24, 26, 29, Neal discloses a network architecture as recited in

claim 21, wherein the each one of the at least two routers communicates with the host

or the controllers through reliable connection (RC) sessions (see RC sessions on

column 1 line 45-50).

20. As per claims 25, 27, 28, Neal discloses a network architecture as recited in

claim 21, wherein the router communicates with the at least two controllers through

reliable datagram (RD) sessions (see RD sessions on column 1 line 45-50).

21. As per claim 30, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a network architecture as recited in claim

21, wherein the at least two controllers are RAID controllers (see RAID on column 5 line

10-15).

22. As per claim 31, Dellacona discloses a network architecture as recited in claim

21, wherein the plurality of target is a plurality of storage devices (see disk storage

device on column 4 line 35-40).

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As per claim 32, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a network architecture as recited in claim
, wherein the plurality of storage devices is a plurality of disk drives (see disk storage

device column 4 line 35-40).

24. As per claims 33, 34, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a network architecture as recited in claim 21, wherein when one of the at least two switches or L4 routers is inoperable, the operable one of the least two L4 routers or switches is capable of communicating data between the host and the at least two target devices (see initiates logical connect and disconnect of the disk device on column 4 line 61 to column 5 line 10 and XOR raid on

column 5 line 10-15).

25. As per claims 7, 19, neither <u>Dellacona</u> nor <u>Coates</u> disclose expressly the use of InfiniBand-type fabric. <u>Neal</u> teaches the use of InfiniBand-type fabric within the storage network (see column 1 line 33-47). <u>Dellacona</u> and <u>Neal</u> are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor, network fabric storage system. At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate InfiniBand-type fabric within the network storage system. The motivation for doing so would have been to allow devices to access other nodes on the SAN network. Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine <u>Dellacona</u> with <u>Neal</u> for the benefit of incorporating InfiniBand-type fabric in the network storage system to obtain the invention as specified in claims 7, 19.

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26. As per claim 8, <u>Dellacona</u> discloses a method for storing data as recited in claim 7, wherein the transmitting the storage operation request includes transmitting the request through an operation one of at least two bridge chips (see bridge chips on column 6 line 30-45).

- 27. Claims 9, 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dellacona as applied to claims 8 above, and further in view of Coates et al., U.S. Patent Application Publication Number 2005/0246393 A1 (hereinafter Coates), and further in view of Neal et al., U.S. Patent Number 6,990,528 B1 (hereinafter Neal), and further in view of Fox et al., U.S. Patent Application Publication Number 2002/0147945 A1 (hereinafter Fox).
- 28. As per claims 9, 18, neither <u>Dellacona</u> nor <u>Coates</u> disclose expressly the use of SATA-IB bridge chips. <u>Fox</u> teaches the use of SATA standard with the Fibre Channel networks (see page 3 section [0025]). <u>Dellacona</u> and <u>Fox</u> are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor, network fabric storage system. At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate SATA type bridge chips into network fabric within the network storage system. The motivation for doing so would have been to allow SATA devices to interact with other nodes on the fabric network. Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine <u>Dellacona</u> with <u>Fox</u> for the benefit of incorporating SATA-IB bridge chips within the network fabric obtain the invention as specified in claims 9, 18.

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 The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

 a) Distributed Storage Resource Management in a Storage Area Network by Harris et al., U.S. Patent Application Publication Number 2005/0091221 A1.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alan S. Chou whose telephone number is (571) 272-5779. The examiner can normally be reached on 7am-3pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Follansbee can be reached on (571)272-3964. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

AC

/John Follansbee/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2151